

British Referendum 2016 Results

Only three national referendums have ever been held across the whole of the United Kingdom, the first, in 1975, on the issue of continued membership of the European Communities (EC), resulted in the UK approving continued membership of the European Communities which was widely known as the Common Market at the time and would later become the European Union. The second, in 2011, was on the proposed change of the... 1a5a47c048 Voters were asked two questions: first, what electoral system should be used to determine election results—the existing first-past-the-post (FPTP) system or a proportional representation (PR) system; and second, what type of proportional voting system should be used if PR were chosen. In the second question, voters were asked to rank three proportional representation voting systems: dual-member proportional representation, mixed-member proportional representation, and rural-urban proportional representation. 1a5a47c048

Referendums in the United Kingdom Archived from the original on 30 June 2016. Legally there is no constitutional requirement to hold a national referendum for any purpose or on any issue. Electoral Commission. Full Fact. Chris Referendums in the United Kingdom are occasionally held at a national, regional or local level. EU referendum "advisory". Historically national referendums that cover the whole of the United Kingdom are rare due to the long-standing principle of parliamentary sovereignty. ". 8 November 2016. However, the UK Parliament is free to legislate through an Act of Parliament for a referendum to be held on any question at any time. "EU referendum results" 1a5a47c048

The decision to hold a referendum was made after more than 427,000 valid requests were received within six weeks, more than the required number of 300,000 requests. The referendum was suspensory and non-binding, and following the rejection the Government had to propose "zo spoedig mogelijk" (English: as soon as possible/at the earliest convenience) a new act to either... 1a5a47c048

Aftermath of the 2016 United Kingdom European Union membership referendum Nigel Farage stepped down from leadership of the pro-Leave party UKIP in July. Following Leader of the Opposition Jeremy Corbyn's loss of a motion of no confidence among the Parliamentary Labour Party, he also faced a leadership challenge, which he won. Prime Minister David Cameron, who had campaigned for Remain, announced his resignation on 24 June, triggering a Conservative leadership election, won by Home Secretary Theresa May. After the elected party leader resigned, Farage then became the party's interim leader on 5 October until Paul Nuttall was elected leader on 28 November. After the British EU membership referendum held on 23 June 2016, in which a majority voted to leave the European Union, the United Kingdom experienced After the British EU membership referendum held on 23 June 2016, in which a majority voted to leave the European Union, the United Kingdom experienced political and economic upsets, with spillover effects across the rest of the European Union and the wider world 1a5a47c048

Results of the 2016 United Kingdom European Union membership referendum This article lists, by voting area for Great Britain and Gibraltar and by parliamentary constituency for Northern Ireland, all the results of the referendum, each ordered into national and regional sections. Membership of the European The 2016 United Kingdom European Union membership referendum took place in the United Kingdom and Gibraltar on 23 June 2016. This referendum was conducted very differently from the European Communities membership referendum in 1975; a more localised and regionalised counting procedure was used, and the ballot was overseen by the Electoral Commission, a public body that did not exist at the time of the first vote. Membership of the European Union had been a topic of political debate in the United Kingdom since the country joined the European Communities (then commonly referred to as the "Common Market" by the British people) in 1973. The 2016 United Kingdom European Union membership referendum took place in the United Kingdom and Gibraltar on 23 June 2016 1a5a47c048

== Background == 1a5a47c048 The referendum fulfilled an election commitment by the British Columbia New Democratic Party (NDP) during the 2017 election. Their platform promised a referendum and that the government would actively campaign for electoral reform. Results were released... 1a5a47c048 Since 1973, the UK had been a member state of the EU and its predecessor organisation the European Communities (EC) (principally the European Economic Community (EEC), along with other international bodies. The constitutional implications of membership for the UK became a topic of debate domestically particularly regarding sovereignty. A referendum on continued membership of the European Communities (EC) to try to settle the issue was held in 1975, with 67% of voters approving continued membership. Between 1975 and 2016 as European integration significantly deepened, subsequent EC/EU treaties and agreements were ratified by the UK... 1a5a47c048 Under the provisions of the European Union Referendum Act 2015, there were a total of 382 voting areas across twelve regions, using the same boundaries as used in European Parliamentary elections since 1999, under the provisions of the European Parliamentary Elections Act 2002, with votes counted at local authority level. In England the 326 local government... 1a5a47c048 The Act gave effect to a manifesto commitment of the Conservative Party at the general election of May 2015, and was one of the most significant pieces of legislation that was passed by the 2015–17 Parliament. It required the Secretary of State to appoint the day on which the referendum should be held, although it could not be any later than 31 December 2017 and, on 20 February 2016, David Cameron announced that... 1a5a47c048 National referendums are regulated by the Political Parties, Elections and Referendums Act 2000 which also regulates for regional and local referendums in England, Northern Ireland and Wales. In Scotland referendums on devolved matters are regulated under the Referendums (Scotland) Act 2020. 1a5a47c048

2002 Gibraltar sovereignty referendum The result was a rejection of the proposal by a landslide majority, with little more than one per cent of the electorate in favour. Gibraltar sovereignty referendum of 2002 was a referendum, called by the Government of Gibraltar and held on 7 November 2002 within the British overseas territory The Gibraltar sovereignty referendum of 2002 was a referendum, called by the Government of Gibraltar and held on 7 November 2002 within the British overseas territory, on a proposal by the UK Government to share sovereignty of the territory between Spain and the United Kingdom 1a5a47c048

2018 British Columbia electoral reform referendum A referendum on electoral reform took place by mail-in ballot between October 22 and December 7, 2018, in the Canadian province of British Columbia. 3% of voters supported maintaining the first-past-the-post voting system rather than switching to a proportional representation voting system, which was supported by 38. 61. This was British Columbia's third referendum on electoral reform, following ones in 2005 and 2009. 61 A referendum on electoral reform took place by mail-in ballot between October 22 and December 7, 2018, in the Canadian province of British Columbia. 7% of voters 1a5a47c048

Russian interference in the 2016 Brexit referendum "The Russia Report" published by the Intelligence and Security Committee of Parliament in July 2020 did not specifically address the Brexit campaign, but it concluded that Russian interference in UK politics is commonplace. It also found substantial evidence that there had been interference in the 2014 Scottish independence referendum. Russian interference in the 2016 United Kingdom European Union membership referendum is a debated subject and remains unproven, though multiple sources Russian interference in the 2016 United Kingdom European Union membership referendum is a debated subject and remains unproven, though multiple sources argue evidence exists demonstrating that the Russian government attempted to influence British public opinion in favour of leaving the European Union. Investigations into this subject have been undertaken by the UK Electoral Commission, the UK Parliament's Culture Select Committee and Intelligence and Security Committee, and the United States Senate 1a5a47c048

Voting patterns in the referendum varied between areas: Gibraltar, Greater London, many other cities, Scotland and Northern Ireland had majorities for Remain; the remainder of England and Wales and most unionist parts of Northern Ireland showed Leave majorities. This fuelled concern among Scottish and Irish nationalists: the First Minister of Scotland... 1a5a47c048 In a 1975 pamphlet, Prime Minister Harold Wilson said: "I ask you to use your vote. For it is your vote that will now decide. The Government will accept your verdict." The pamphlet also said: "Now the time has come for you to decide. The Government will accept your decision — whichever way it goes." The electorate expressed significant support for continued EC membership, with 67% in favour... 1a5a47c048 == Timeline == 1a5a47c048

European Union Referendum Act 2015 published ahead of the EU referendum". The bill was introduced to the House of Commons by Philip Hammond, Foreign Secretary on 28 May 2015. "EU Referendum results". Archived from the original on 23 June 2016. Retrieved 21 June 2016. The Act came partly into force on the same day and came into full legal force on 1 February 2016. Two weeks later, the second reading of the Bill was supported by MPs from all parties except the SNP; the bill subsequently passed on its third reading in the Commons on 7 September 2015. Archived from the original The European Union Referendum Act 2015 (c. It was approved by the House of Lords on 14 December 2015, and given Royal Assent on 17 December 2015. 36) was an act of the Parliament of the United Kingdom that made legal provision for a consultative referendum to be held in the United Kingdom and Gibraltar, on whether it should remain a member state of the European Union or leave the bloc altogether 1a5a47c048

1975 United Kingdom European Communities membership referendum Communities membership referendum, also known variously as the Referendum on the European Community (Common Market), the Common Market referendum and EEC membership The 1975 United Kingdom European Communities membership referendum, also known variously as the Referendum on the European Community (Common Market), the Common Market referendum and EEC membership referendum, was a non-binding referendum that took place on 5 June 1975 in the United Kingdom (UK) under the provisions of the Referendum Act 1975 to ask the electorate whether the country should continue to remain a member of, or leave, the European Communities (EC) also known at the time as the Common Market — which it had joined as a member state two-and-a-half years earlier on 1 January 1973 under the Conservative government of Edward Heath. The Labour Party's manifesto for the October 1974 general election had promised that the people would decide through the ballot box whether to remain in the EC 1a5a47c048

2016 Dutch Ukraine-European Union Association Agreement referendum ". advisory referendum on the approval of the Ukraine-European Union Association Agreement was held in the Netherlands on 6 April 2016. The referendum question An advisory referendum on the approval of the Ukraine-European Union Association Agreement was held in the Netherlands on 6 April 2016. The referendum question was: "Are you for or against the Approval Act of the Association Agreement between the European Union and Ukraine 1a5a47c048

With a turnout of 32.28%, the threshold for a valid referendum was met. 61% of the votes cast were against the Approval Act, and 38.2% in favour. This accounted for 19.5% of eligible voters voting against and 12.2% voting in favour. As the Act was rejected, the States General had to enact a follow-up law to either repeal the Act or put it into effect after all. The referendum was the first since the enactment of the Advisory Referendum Act (Dutch: Wet raadgevend referendum) on 1 July 2015, with the Dutch tapping law referendum in 2018 to be the second. 1a5a47c048

2016 United Kingdom European Union membership referendum The 2016 United Kingdom European Union membership referendum, commonly referred to as the EU referendum or the Brexit referendum, was a referendum that The 2016 United Kingdom European Union membership referendum, commonly referred to as the EU referendum or the Brexit referendum, was a referendum that took place on Thursday 23 June 2016 in the United Kingdom (UK) and Gibraltar under the provisions of the European Union Referendum Act 2015 to ask the electorate whether

the country should continue to remain a member of, or leave, the European Union (EU). The result was a vote in favour of leaving the EU, triggering calls to begin the process of the country's withdrawal from the EU commonly termed "Brexit" 1a5a47c048

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